EZULWINI TOWN PLANNING SCHEME



VOLUME 3

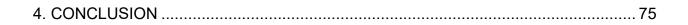
DEVELOPMENT PLAN

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1. INTRODUCTION

Volume 3 of a Town Planning Scheme, often referred to as the Development Plan, serves as a comprehensive guide for the future development and management of a specific area. It outlines a long-term vision and specific objectives that reflect community needs and aspirations. The Development Plan for the Ezulwini Town Planning Scheme functions as a vital spatial planning tool designed to systematically implement and achieve the spatial vision and urban structure set by the Structure Plan (Volume 2). This plan breaks down the overarching vision into specific short-term (1-3 years), medium-term (4-5 years), and long-term (6-10 years) development scenarios, each focusing on distinct spatial priorities.

These priorities include sustainable infrastructure development, improved accessibility to transportation services, and the delivery of well-focused and sustainable housing and community facilities, as well as the intensification of local economic development. The Development Plan addresses these priorities comprehensively, functioning as both a roadmap for development and an implementation strategy. It outlines specific actions, timelines, responsible parties, and funding mechanisms for execution. Additionally, the Plan incorporates an effective review system to monitor progress and assess effectiveness, enabling necessary adjustments over time. Overall, Volume 3 plays a crucial role in steering sustainable growth and development, ensuring alignment with community goals and regulatory requirements, while reflecting the aspirations set out in the vision.

2. SUMMARY OF STRUCTURE PLAN PROPOSALS

2.1 Vision

The proposed spatial vision for the Ezulwini urban area is: **"To be a High Quality Residential, Corporate, Tourism Friendly and Green Destination."**

The vision, encapsulates the Town's aspirations for its future development. It emphasizes a commitment to creating a liveable environment that offers high standards of residential quality, catering to the needs of its inhabitants while providing attractive options for corporate entities and businesses. It further highlights the importance of fostering a



welcoming atmosphere for tourists, making Ezulwini a sought-after destination known for its hospitality and diverse offerings.

Additionally, the vision highlights the Town's dedication to sustainability through promoting green initiatives and environmental stewardship. The balancing of residential, commercial, and tourism needs with a strong emphasis on ecological integrity, will enable Ezulwini to create a harmonious and sustainable urban environment that benefits both its residents and visitors. This vision sets the stage for strategic planning and development efforts that align with the above stated goals, ensuring that growth is managed thoughtfully and sustainably.

2.2 Spatial Concept and Principal Points of Departure

The proposed Structure Plan is based on the following Spatial Concepts and Principles Points of Departure:

- The regional drainage and wetland system, undevelopable steep slopes (some of which are developable at a higher cost) and areas of high biodiversity form the backbone to the proposed Regional Open Space System for Ezulwini. All future developments must be planned and implemented with this environmental framework in mind; ensuring that they are integrated and aligned with environmental conservation legislation.
- 2. The Regional Open Space System should support and promote tourism development while enhancing existing tourism-related land uses within the urban area. In this context, Ezulwini should serve as a key tourism hub, offering a range of services and experiences that attract visitors and strengthen its role as the region's primary tourism destination;
- 3. The regional and local road network, including the MR103 and D36, acts as a key structuring element to promote commercial development and associated supplementary uses;
- 4. The existing commercial area of Ezulwini and the associated supplementary land uses along the MR103 represent the core of the urban area and most of the existing land uses should be retained in future;



- 5. The existing commercial nodes, in the northern, central and southern parts of the Ezulwini urban area, along with the initiatives planned along the MR103 should be sufficient to accommodate the demand for the growth and development of the CBD, supporting diversity and inclusivity, for the next ten (10) years;
- 6. Consider the establishment of industrial parks or clusters that focus on specific types of industries compatible with Ezulwini's economic profile. These parks can offer shared facilities and services, creating a cohesive industrial environment that complements the town's service and tourism sectors.
- 7. Within this framework develop the vacant pieces of land in the residential areas through infill development;
- Future high density and high-rise residential expansion/development of the Ezulwini urban area should be directed towards the eastern part of the urban area towards the urban boundary;
- 9. The proposed patterns of urban expansion will necessitate the development of link roads and relief roads incorporated into the movement network around the proposed Ezulwini primary commercial node in order to improve access and accessibility to all parts of the Town; and hence to unlock development potential of all land parcels;
- 10. The lack of a main public transport facility(s) must be addressed to cater to the transportation needs of both formal and informal sectors. This facility(s) should support informal trade activities, provide essential services, and facilitate the development of a more comprehensive public transportation network to accommodate the anticipated growth and expansion within the Ezulwini urban area.
- 11. Given the limited land availability in Ezulwini, future development should focus on optimising the use of existing resources. This includes encouraging increased density on plots, particularly in areas identified for high-density development, and ensuring efficient use of land, infrastructure, roads, transport, and social facilities to support sustainable urban growth.
- 12. While large-scale agriculture is not a priority, support for urban farming initiatives, is essential for expanding agricultural practices within urban environments. This



can be achieved through the integration of urban agriculture into residential and commercial areas as a complementary land use, fostering sustainability without competing with high-value land uses.

In the following section, these Principles/Points of Departure are discussed in more detail.

2.3 Structure Plan Proposals

2.3.1 Environmental Framework

A key component of the Ezulwini Structure Plan's environmental approach is a strong commitment to sustainability, promoting green initiatives and environmental stewardship. This includes efforts to balance residential, corporate, and tourism needs with ecological integrity, ensuring that growth does not compromise the environment.

The proposed Environmental Framework for Ezulwini emphasises the preservation of the Regional Open Space System, which is crucial for the Town's ecological health and biodiversity. The Regional Open Space System (ROSS) is a framework that connects and organises open spaces across a broader region, emphasising ecological, social, and recreational benefits. Framing the open space system within this regional context highlights the interconnectedness of these spaces, demonstrating how actions in one area, such as Ezulwini, impact the wider environment. Ezulwini, as a custodian within its boundaries, plays a crucial role in maintaining biodiversity and environmental health, with its conduct influencing both local and regional ecosystems. A regional approach fosters collaboration, ensuring sustainable development, climate resilience, and the shared funding opportunities for open spaces in the communities within the region.

Key proposals for the development of the ROSS include prohibiting concrete developments in these areas to preserve their natural state for passive recreational activities. Carefully managed tourism will be allowed to enhance ecological value, and walking trails will be created to integrate these spaces into the urban fabric. Additionally, the continued protection of the Mantenga Nature Reserve is highlighted, with eco-friendly tourism activities permitted to support conservation efforts.



It is proposed the Ezulwini develops and adopts a greening strategy which should incorporate cleaner sources of energy to reduce carbon emissions, promote waste reduction initiatives, and improve energy efficiency. This includes encouraging renewable energy solutions in residential, commercial, and tourism developments, alongside strategies for reducing waste and improving recycling. The greening strategy should also advocate for the creation of green spaces within new developments and establish criteria for their enhancement, contributing to a more sustainable urban environment.

Funding initiatives, including public-private partnerships and community fundraising, are suggested to support these efforts. Overall, the framework aims to ensure sustainable growth of green spaces, improve environmental quality, and create a more attractive urban environment for both residents and visitors.

2.3.2 Movement Network

The primary objective regarding the Town's movement network, is to improve transport and infrastructure networks to support the efficient movement of people, goods, and services.

The proposed Movement Network for Ezulwini focuses on enhancing the existing transport infrastructure, primarily centred around the MR103, which is crucial for the Town's commercial, institutional, and residential activities. Key proposals include upgrading primary routes to improve safety and efficiency, extending roads such as Nshakabili Road to enhance accessibility, and developing public transport facilities to reduce reliance on private vehicles. The plan also emphasises improving non-motorised infrastructure for pedestrians and cyclists, implementing a functional classification of roads to guide planning, and proposing various safety improvements to reduce the likelihood of accidents. Additionally, it calls for aligning transportation infrastructure with land use and economic strategies to facilitate connectivity and support economic growth. Continuous monitoring and evaluation of transportation policies will ensure that infrastructure meets evolving needs. Overall, these initiatives aim to enhance



connectivity, reduce congestion, and promote sustainable growth, ultimately improving the quality of life for residents and visitors in Ezulwini.

2.3.3 Economic Activity

The proposed Economic Activity Framework in Ezulwini consists of defining key economic activity areas, their functionality, and interconnectivity along the MR103 road. Central to this framework is the designation of a Primary Node as the Central Business District (CBD), which will host vital establishments such as the International Convention Centre, corporate headquarters, and multiple office and commercial spaces enhancing its role as a regional business hub. Improved access via the planned Nshakabili Road extension is expected to boost traffic and attract further investments.

Supporting this framework are two Secondary Nodes: The Northern Secondary Node, which will provide essential commercial services to the northern residential areas through establishments such as The Corner Plaza, The Crescent, and Valleyview Shopping Centre; and the Southern Secondary Node, featuring The Gables Shopping Centre and Happy Valley Hotel to serve the southern region. Additionally, two Activity Spines along Nyonyane Road and Mpumalanga Road are proposed to accommodate lower order economic activity, fostering a balanced and vibrant economic environment throughout Ezulwini.

The proposals highlight the importance of defining and establishing clear functionality between the various commercial node hierarchies within the Town, ensuring the creation of a dynamic environment that supports the growth of diverse business sectors. Ultimately, the proposals aim to create a balanced economic landscape in Ezulwini and improve accessibility to economic services across the region.

2.3.3.1 Industrial Activity

Industrial activity in Ezulwini, currently consists primarily of service and small-scale businesses, which include multiple filling stations and a steel pipe assembling depot. While acknowledging the Town's proximity to Eswatini's Industrial Hub in Matsapha, it is proposed that Ezulwini accommodates only light and service industrial activities. As such,



land allocation for industrial purposes should be carefully managed to align with the Town's economic priorities. The Structure Plan proposes that industrial development applications be directed to the designated Industrial Activity Zone along the D36 Road, which will remain reserved for small-scale, low-impact industries. Larger, heavy industrial operations should be directed towards the more developed industrial hub, Matsapha. Additionally, ongoing monitoring of industrial activities will be crucial to ensure alignment with the Town's evolving economic landscape.

2.3.3.2 Agriculture

The agricultural proposals for Ezulwini support existing agricultural activities while recognising that agriculture is not a primary focus of the Town's growth strategy. The Structure Plan proposes for the incorporation of urban agriculture, such as community and rooftop gardens, into new developments to encourage local food production. Additionally, Ezulwini is open to small-scale livestock farming, with appropriate regulations in place, such as the rearing of rabbits or poultry in designated agricultural zones. While the Town does not prioritise the establishment of a large-scale agricultural base, these initiatives seek to enhance local food production while maintaining a balance between commercial, residential, and sustainable agricultural practices.

2.3.3.3 Tourism

The tourism proposals for Ezulwini aim to strengthen the Town's appeal as a premier destination, capitalising on its scenic beauty, cultural heritage, and diverse attractions. To further enhance the sector, it is proposed that the Town Council establishes a dedicated tourism precinct in the north-western part of the urban area, promoting investment through relaxed regulations and improved infrastructure. Key strategies include enhancing hospitality facilities to meet international standards, improving signage and visitor services, and collaborating with local businesses to offer comprehensive tourism packages that combine accommodation, entertainment, and cultural experiences.

Infrastructure upgrades will focus on improving access to major attractions such as Mantenga Falls and Sheba's Breast Mountain, while enhancing public amenities to



provide a more enjoyable experience for both residents and visitors. Additionally, Council should encourage the development of eco-friendly accommodations and support partnerships between local businesses to create a cohesive and sustainable tourism experience. A formal policy framework should be introduced to regulate online hospitality businesses, ensuring compliance with safety standards and fair competition. Through these measures, Ezulwini aims to enhance its tourism sector by diversifying its offering and revitalizing existing tourism attractions, benefiting both the local economy and the community. In addition to this, Council intends to establish a tourism office within the Local Authority that will be responsible for developing and implementing a Tourism Plan for the Town.

2.3.3.4 Informal Business Sector

The informal business sector in Ezulwini, though modest in scale, is crucial for many residents' livelihoods and significantly contributes to the local economy. Informal businesses in Ezulwini, similar to most other urban areas, are primarily located near commercial hubs and transportation routes. These businesses generally engage in the trade of arts, crafts, as well as fruits and vegetables. The Town Council has noted that many businesses in Ezulwini are situated on shared plots and lack formal demarcations. As a result, they do not have the comprehensive regulatory framework needed to effectively manage and control their operations, leading to additional challenges. To address this, several proposals have been put forth, including the development of a structured Informal Trading Policy to regulate and support these businesses; the creation of designated plots for informal trade; and the establishment of a simplified registration system to facilitate formalisation. Furthermore, improving infrastructure access to essential services, designating high-traffic trading zones, and redesigning the Ezulwini Handcraft Market into a larger commercial complex will enhance visibility and attract more customers. Training programs for business owners will further equip them with essential skills, promoting sustainable growth and strengthening the overall economic landscape of Ezulwini.

2.3.4 Residential Sector Development

The residential sector development aims to maintain the existing residential neighbourhood character while accommodating future needs. The goal is to create highguality residential neighbourhoods that offer diverse housing options for various income levels and lifestyles, ensuring sustainable land use and enhanced living conditions.

- 1. Low-Density Residential Areas: it is proposed that the existing low density residential areas found in Ezulwini, namely Mantenga Phases 1, 2, and 3 should preserve their low-density character. Proposals include prioritising infill development on vacant plots, maintaining existing land use patterns, and limiting plot subdivisions to ensure a spacious living environment that aligns with the current architectural style.
- 2. Medium-Density Residential Areas: it is proposed that the medium density residential areas in Ezulwini, which include residential townships such as Eco Estate, Spintex Village, Mahlanganisa Township, Medi Farm, Mdzimba Township, Goje Township, Thembelisha Township, and Sunset Village should continue to support medium-density living. Strategies focus on infill development, controlled subdivisions, and upgrading essential infrastructure. It is further proposed that Council ensures that it maintains and enhances a balance between residential development and green spaces within these areas.
- 3. High-Density Residential Areas: it is proposed that designated areas on the north-eastern border of the urban area, in close proximity to the MR3, and near the Northern Secondary Node are earmarked for high-density residential development, with a focus on encouraging mixed-use developments. The Structure Plan proposes that zoning regulations in these areas should support higher population densities while ensuring the provision of adequate green spaces. Additionally, it is proposed that specific zones within the High-Density Residential Areas are prioritised for high-rise developments, to support anticipated population growth and optimise the use of the Town's limited land resources.



4. Informal Settlement: The informal settlement on Farm 7/706 is proposed to be upgraded in-situ, with a focus on improving living conditions and accessibility. Proposals include providing basic infrastructure, improving the road networks, and formalising property rights to secure land tenure for residents.

2.3.5 Government and Public Facilities

2.3.5.1 Government Precinct

Based on assessments informed by the Town's location, its population, and foreseeable demand to accommodate the full scope of government institutions and services, the Structure Plan proposes the integration of government services within the proposed central business district (CBD) rather than establishing a separate government precinct. This approach leverages the CBD's strategic location and existing infrastructure, enhancing its role as the Town's primary commercial and administrative hub.

To facilitate this integration, the Structure Plan includes two main proposals. Firstly, government agencies should be encouraged to set up offices within the CBD or its secondary nodes. These locations offer excellent accessibility and a supportive commercial environment that fosters both administrative functions and public engagement. The Town Council must ensure that the CBD is equipped with the necessary infrastructure, including reliable transport links, utilities, and communication networks essential for effective government operations. Secondly, promoting accessibility and connectivity is vital. Council should develop transport infrastructure and pedestrian pathways within the CBD to ensure easy access to government facilities, improving links between the CBD and residential areas. Additionally, incorporating public amenities such as parking, rest areas (which include amenities such as benches and shaded areas) and other conveniences will enhance the accessibility and functionality of the area.



Based on assessments of Ezulwini's current needs and anticipated future growth, the Structure Plan emphasises the critical role of public facilities in enhancing residents' quality of life. Public amenities such as parks, schools, libraries, community centres, and health clinics are vital for fostering community well-being and cohesion. Despite existing resources, significant gaps in social services must be addressed to meet the Town's evolving demands. Key proposals include centralising new public facilities within accessible commercial and transit corridors to enhance service integration, and adopting a hub-and-spoke model for clustered public services.

The Structure Plan also advocates for increasing public recreational spaces, ensuring that new facilities are inclusive and accessible to all residents. Retaining existing healthcare services is deemed sufficient for the population. A need has however been identified for the establishment of a formal cemetery; however, due to the lack of a suitable location within the urban area, it is proposed that Council secures land outside of the Town for the establishment of the cemetery. Additionally, it is proposed that a designated animal holding area is developed in order to manage stray animals thus improve public health and safety. In terms of waste management, the Council notes that relying on the Matsapha landfill exposes Ezulwini to potential risks, as this arrangement could be terminated or revised in the future. Therefore, it is not a suitable long-term solution. It is crucial that the Council explores alternative options for a viable, long-term waste management strategy, which may include securing land for the establishment of a final disposal facility outside of the urban area. Finally, it is proposed that Council develops additional community facilities to close the gap in service provision, these include developing a community hall and library which will provide a dedicated space for gatherings and essential services, fostering community engagement. Overall, these proposals highlight the importance of a well-planned approach to public facilities, ensuring that Ezulwini effectively meets its residents' needs while contributing to a balanced and thriving urban environment.

2.3.5.3 Recreational Facilities

Based on assessments of Ezulwini's recreational needs, the Structure Plan highlights the importance of enhancing recreational facilities to improve quality of life and community attractiveness. Currently, limited public recreational options hinder both residents' wellbeing and the town's appeal to tourists. To address these gaps, several proposals aim to increase accessibility, promote sustainable use of resources, and provide engaging spaces for health and social interaction.

Firstly, the Council should ensure the establishment of public recreational facilities with multi-purpose fields, playgrounds, and picnic areas in residential areas lacking private facilities. Secondly, a community sports and recreational facility should be developed, featuring a soccer pitch, basketball/netball court, and tennis court, ideally located on Plot 24/50 along Mpumalanga Road. This strategic positioning near proposed public transport routes will improve access and encourage higher participation rates, promoting an active lifestyle. Council should further ensure that all public recreational facilities are easily accessible to the community, and that these areas have the necessary pedestrian infrastructure, and lighting for security.

Additionally, leveraging the natural landscape of the Mantenga Nature Reserve to create eco-adventure activities such as ziplining and adventure swings through PPP's, will enhance recreational appeal while fostering environmental appreciation. It is essential to incorporate safety measures and educational components to encourage responsible use of natural resources. Furthermore, a public consultation process should be implemented to engage community members in planning new recreational facilities, ensuring developments reflect local needs and foster a sense of ownership.

Implementing these proposals will transform Ezulwini into a vibrant community, significantly enhancing recreational opportunities for residents and visitors, ultimately enhancing the Town's long-term sustainability and enriching the overall quality of life for all residents.



2.3.5.4 Educational Facilities

Ezulwini currently boasts a diverse array of educational facilities that include institutions for early childhood, primary, secondary, and tertiary education. These establishments not only cater to local residents but also attract students from surrounding areas, underscoring their regional significance. To enhance the educational landscape, several proposals are put forward.

Firstly, the Town Council should prioritise the retention and support of existing educational institutions by ensuring proper infrastructure maintenance, and promoting their community importance. Secondly, as the demand for educational facilities increases, the Council should encourage the establishment of new educational facilities in accessible locations along public transport routes, enhancing convenience for students and staff.

Improving public transport access to educational institutions is also vital; enhancing routes to schools will reduce reliance on private vehicles and make facilities more accessible, ensuring students don't have to walk long distances. Additionally, the Council should support the development of preschools and daycare centers in conjunction with new township developments, providing parents with more accessible options for early childhood education and fostering a supportive environment for young families.

These proposals aim to maintain and enhance the accessibility, quality, and diversity of educational offerings in Ezulwini, reinforcing its role as a key educational hub. Supporting existing institutions and encouraging the strategic development of new ones, along with improving public transport access and integrating early childhood facilities into residential areas, will allow Ezulwini to effectively meet the educational needs of its residents and surrounding communities. Ultimately, these efforts will contribute to a comprehensive, accessible, and sustainable educational landscape, promoting long-term growth and development in the Town.

Europa

2.3.5.5 Places of Worship

It is proposed that, in the future, should applications arise to establish additional places of worship, Council should ensure that such facilities meet the following criteria: adequate land is provided for parking, suitable plot location in terms of accessibility is utilised, prescribed minimum lot size requirement is met, and that the property should ideally be located within close proximity to the public transport network.

2.3.6 Engineering Infrastructure

The engineering infrastructure proposals for Ezulwini focus on establishing a comprehensive strategy for the development and maintenance of essential systems, including roads, stormwater, and utility services, to support the Town's long-term growth and sustainability. The strategy will guide the coordinated expansion of infrastructure, ensuring alignment with Ezulwini's future vision. It will address evolving community needs, improve quality of life, and promote economic growth. Detailed infrastructure plans will follow, outlining steps, resources, timelines, and funding requirements for road and stormwater system improvements.

Key proposals include the development of a Roads and Stormwater Infrastructure Plan, which will expand the road network to improve connectivity and address traffic flow issues. The Roads and Stormwater Infrastructure Plan will prioritise non-motorised transport, integrate public transport routes, and ensure that stormwater systems are designed to prevent flooding and manage runoff effectively. The Stormwater Management aspect will focus on ensuring efficient drainage systems, using permeable surfaces, and preserving natural waterways, while considering future climate resilience to handle increasing rainfall. The Development Code, along with the Roads and Stormwater Infrastructure Plan, must include guidelines on how developers should integrate stormwater management systems, particularly in relation to the slope of the land.

Additionally, the integration of road and stormwater infrastructure will ensure that both systems work together to reduce flood risks, enhance mobility, and promote resilience



against climate change impacts. Coordination with utility service providers will also be key, ensuring that water, electricity, and sewer systems are aligned with the broader infrastructure strategy to support Ezulwini's growth.

2.3.7 Town Entrances and Gateways

The proposals for Ezulwini's Northern and Southern entrances focus on defining the town's boundaries and enhancing its visibility, with the aim of establishing a welcoming and distinct identity for the Town. These gateways will serve as vital points of arrival, emphasizing Ezulwini's unique character and enhancing its appeal to residents and visitors alike. Key proposals include developing landscaping and signage that reflect the Town's natural beauty and cultural heritage, improving lighting and road infrastructure for safety and ease of access, and installing visual markers or sculptures that symbolize key elements such as tourism, business, and conservation. Transforming these gateways, will allow Ezulwini to present a unified and attractive image, reinforcing its reputation as a vibrant and inviting destination while clearly defining its boundaries.

3. DEVELOPMENT PLANNING PROPOSALS: IMPLEMENTATION STRATEGY

To address the spatial priorities outlined in the Ezulwini Structure Plan, the Development Plan introduces several Development Implementation Programs apportioned according to different timeframes: short, medium, and long term. Each program is designed to facilitate the effective realisation of the Structure Plan's proposals.

The Development Plan is structured to be implemented into three distinct phases:

- Short Term: Years 1 to 3
- Medium Term: Years 4 to 5
- Long Term: Years 6 to 10

3.1 SHORT TERM (YEARS 1 - 3): DEVELOPMENT SCENERIO/ IMPLEMENTATION PROGRAMME

To achieve the spatial vision outlined in the Structure Plan and promote investor confidence in the short term, a careful balance needs to be established between two key



types of projects: those that provide immediate, visible improvements and those with less tangible or immediate outcomes. Striking this balance is essential for successfully implementing the land use areas and Use Zones specified by both the Structure Plan and Development Code. These zones are critical for guiding land use and infrastructure developments in a way that ensures sustainable growth in the medium and long term.

In the short term, the focus should be on consolidating and reinforcing the existing land uses that make up the Ezulwini urban fabric. This means strengthening the current urban structure by supporting the existing businesses, residential areas, and maintaining existing infrastructure. Additionally, there should be an emphasis on promoting mixed-use developments. Integrating residential, commercial, and recreational spaces in close proximity will give Ezulwini a competitive edge, creating an environment where economic and residential opportunities are conveniently located for both residents and businesses. This approach will foster a dynamic urban setting, attracting investment and supporting sustainable growth.

In the short-term, the Town Council should focus on the following Spatial Priorities and associated Development Implementation Programmes:

- 1. Integrating the regional drainage, wetlands, and areas of high biodiversity into the Regional Open Space System, ensuring all developments align with environmental conservation principles.
- 2. Strengthening Ezulwini's role as a key tourism node, while promoting the growth of tourism-related land uses within the urban area.
- Prioritising the development of the regional and local road network, particularly the MR103 and D36, to support commercial development and supplementary uses.
- 4. Retaining and enhancing the existing commercial core and intensifying development within the Central Business District (CBD) to meet future demand for commercial diversity and inclusivity.



- 5. Supporting the establishment of a light industrial area focused on sectors compatible with Ezulwini's economic profile, complementing the Town's commercial service offering.
- 6. Fostering infill development within vacant residential areas to maximise land use efficiency.
- 7. Directing future high-density and high-rise residential development towards the eastern part of the urban area, near the urban boundary.
- 8. Developing link and relief roads to improve access and unlock development potential across the Town.
- 9. Addressing the need for additional public transport facilities that supports both formal and informal sectors, enhancing mobility and trade.
- 10. Expanding the public transportation network to meet the growing demand from future development.
- 11. Making the most of existing land, infrastructure, roads, and social facilities to support sustainable growth.
- 12. Supporting urban agriculture initiatives, by integrating it into residential and commercial areas to promote sustainability without competing with high-value land uses.
- 13. Enhance tourism through branding and marketing of key tourism offerings with signage at key intersections.

These priorities aim to foster sustainable growth, improve infrastructure, and create a balanced, vibrant community in Ezulwini.

Ezulwini Town Planning Scheme 2025 – Development Plan



Spatial Priority	Programme	Short Term Development Implementation Cost (E)	Responsibility
	Area	Programme(S)	
Regional Open	Environment	1. Council's starting point concerning the E450 000.00	Public Health
Space System (ROSS)		Town's Regional Open Space System (ROSS) should be the preparation of an Environmental Management Plan (EMP). The plan should seek to categorise the open space system into areas not suited for any activity (no-go areas), and areas that can be utilised as active open spaces for sports and recreational purposes.	Department
		 2. In respect of 'active' open space, the EMP E 500 000.00 should make proposals for the utilisation of such spaces – e.g., the establishment of walking trails, street furniture, and the development of formal and informal sports and recreational facilities. 	Town Planning Department

TABLE 1: SHORT-TERM DEVELOPMENT PRIORITIES AND IMPLEMENTATION PROGRAMMES



Spatial Priority	Programme	Short	Term	Development	Implementation	Cost (E)	Responsibility
	Area	Program	nme(S)				
		3.	Once	complete, th	e Environmental		
			Manag	ement Plan (EMI) will be useful in		
			defining	g the Town's Reg	gional Open Space		
			System	n (ROSS) forme	d by streams and		
			wetland	ds running throug	ghout Ezulwini. To		
			affect t	the implementation	on of the proposed		
			Region	al Open Space S	System (ROSS) the		
			followir	ng needs to be ad	dressed:		
			i. The	e steep areas of ι	undevelopable land		Town Planning
			aro	und Ezulwini (gra	dients greater than		Department
			22%	%) should be	recognised as a		
			fund	ctional part of the	proposed ROSS;		
			ii. All d	other open space	systems formed by		Town Planning
			the	occurrence of na	tural drainage lines		Department
			and	wetlands should	be protected by not		
			allo	wing any further	urban development		
			to ta	ake place within fl	ood line areas;		



Spatial Priority	Programme	Short	Term	Development	Implementation	Cost (E)	Responsibility
	Area	Program	me(S)				
		ii	i. Cou	uncil should conv	vert some passive	E500 000.00	Town Planning
			оре	en spaces into acti	ve green corridors.	p/a	Department
			Thi	s will connect dif	ferent parts of the		
			Tov	vn, promoting	both ecological		
			ber	efits and recreation	onal opportunities.		
		iv	ν. Coι	uncil's focus shou	ld be on designing	E1 000 000.00	Town Planning
			the	active green cor	ridors, which shall		Department
			inco	orporate walking	trails, lighting, and		
			oth	er street furniture.			
		4.	To en	sure sustainable	development of		
					ulwini, Council will		
			•	•	greening the urban		
					part of the Town's		
					to implement such		
			•		need to develop a		
					nd evaluating green		
				C	iteria for the future		
			•		spaces. This will		
			uevelo		spaces. This Will		



Spatial Priority	Programme	Short	Term	Development	Implementation	Cost (E)	Responsibility
	Area	Program	nme(S)				
			require followin	that Council g:	undertakes the		
			polio gree laws	cies and regulat en infrastructure,	evelop and enforce ions that promote such as zoning ing codes, and oofs and walls;	In-house	Town Planning Department
		i	gree		to integrate the into broader urban oment policies;	In-house	Town Planning Department
		ii	gree	prehensive inve	entory of existing entify areas lacking	E250 000.00	Town Planning Department
		iv	shou	uld develop a	into effect, Council strategic plan for connecting green		Town Planning Department



Spatial Priority	Programme	Short 7	Term	Development	Implementa	tion	Cost (E)	Responsibility
	Area	Programm	ne(S)					
				es, including pa n forests;	rks, greenways,	and		
		V.		body of docum	•			Town Planning
			this	process will pro	vide Council wi	ith a		Department
			com	prehensive	framework	for		
			evalu	uating and devel	oping green spa	aces		
			withi	n the Town. Su	ch a framework	k will		
			there	efore guide Cour	ncil's activities in	n the		
			med	ium to long term				
		5.	Council	should ensu	re the contin	nued		Town Planning
			protectio	on of the Manter	nga Nature Rese	erve		Department
			as a vit	al conservation	area. The rese	erve		
			can fur	rther be utilise	ed for eco-frie	ndly		
			tourism	activities that do	not compromis	e its		
			environr	mental integrity.				
		6.	The dev	elopment of nat	ure-based activi	ities,		Town Planning
			such as	s ziplining, hikir	ng trails, and o	other		Department



Spatial Priority	Programme	Short	Term	Development	Implementation	Cost (E)	Responsibility
	Area	Program	nme(S)				
			eco-to	urism offerings, sl	hould be permitted		
			within	the Mantenga Natu	ure Reserve. These		
			activiti	es will allow visito	ors to engage with		
			the na	atural environmen	t while respecting		
			consei	rvation efforts.	To achieve this,		
			Counc	il should work clos	ely with the Nature		
			Reserv	ve to undertake the	e following:		
			i. Co	uncil should worl		Town Planning	
			rele	evant stakeholders	s to carefully relax		Department
			reg	julations to permi	it specific outdoor		
			and	d adventure activ	ities, enabling the		
			res	erve to generate	additional tourism		
			rev	enue.			
			ii. Co	uncil should	encourage that		Town Planning
			ger	nerated revenue fr	om the eco-tourism		Department
			act	ivities is reinves	sted into ongoing		
			cor	nservation efforts	. This balanced		
			app	oroach will prote	ect the reserve's		



Spatial Priority	Programme	Short	Term	Development	Implementation	Cost (E)	Responsibility
	Area	Program	me(S)				
			bic	diversity while al	so supporting the		
			To	wn's broader touris	sm strategy.		
		7.	Cound	cil should encour	age and support		
			initiativ	ves focused on th	ne development of		
			new p	arks, enhancemer	it of existing green		
			space	s, and tree-planting	g initiatives. This is		
			crucia	I for achieving gr	eening goals and		
			mainta	aining high-quality	green spaces. The		
			Town	Council may cons	sider the following		
			fundin	g options:			
			i.	The Town Cou	ncil may explore		Town Planning
				specific fundin	g opportunities		Department
				through environm	ental grants from		
				national or inter	national agencies		
				aimed at promotin	ng urban greening		
				and biodiversity;			
			ii.	Consider public-p	rivate partnerships		Town Planning
					sses for funding or		Department



Spatial Priority	Programme	Short Te	ərm	Development Implementation	Cost (E)	Responsibility
	Area	Programme	e(S)			
				resources in exchange for branding opportunities,		
		i	iii.	Seek corporate sponsorships as part of larger corporations' CSR (Corporate Social Responsibility) initiatives;		Town Planning Department
		į	V.	Launch community fundraising campaigns, including crowdfunding and local events such as fun runs or fairs, to raise funds for greening projects;		Town Planning Department
			V.	Encourage volunteer programs to engage community members in tree planting and park maintenance to reduce labour costs.		Town Planning Department



Spatial Priority	Programme	Short Term Development Implementation	Cost (E)	Responsibility
	Area	Programme(S)		
Development Boundaries and Land Use Zones Implementation and Management	Capacity Building	 To ensure legibility and the physical implementation of the land use proposals made by the Structure Plan (e.g., Residential Development, CBD Area, Secondary Business Nodes, Activity Spine, etc), the associated Development Code must be adopted and implemented as a priority. 		Town Planning Department
		2. To ensure the effective implementation and management of the Development Code, the Town Council should initiate introductory and annual capacity building workshops. Such workshops should focus on providing clarity on how to implement the Town Planning Scheme, problem areas being experienced, and general policy decisions by the Council in respect of dealing with problem areas.		Corporate Services Department



Spatial Priority	Programme	Short	Term	Development	Implementat	ion Cost (E)	Responsibility
	Area	Program	nme(S)				
Promoting Socio- Economic Development through Focused Development of the Movement Network (Infrastructure Delivery)	Transportation and Movement Network	Mi en an foo	R103 an hancem nd impro cus in t llowing a Develo MR103 road w improve to enha Develo Upgrad Produc phase s	id its feeder roa ents to support ove connectivity the short term ctivities: ping, maintainin and key arte videning, storm ed signage, and ance safety and nice safety and ling Plan; tion of enginee	Rehabilitation a ring designs for f ading areas, with	ure ties The the E2 000 00 p/a ent, ces and In-house	Maintenance Department Works and Maintenance Department



Spatial Priority	Programme	Short	Term	Develop	ment	Impleme	ntation	Cost (E)	Responsibility
	Area	Program	nme(S)						
		iv.	Produc	tion of o	designs	for the	e road	E5 000 000.00	Works and
			expans	sion of the N	/IR103 ir	nto two-lar	ne roads		Maintenance
			for eac	h direction;					Department
		V.	Produc	tion of desi	igns for	the establ	ishment		
			of the f	ollowing pro	oposed	link roads:			
			a. Nsł	nakabili Roa	ad Exter	nsion		E1 500 000.00	Works and
			b. Nsł	nakabili – M	Ipumala	nga Link F	Road	E500 000.00	Maintenance
									Department
		2. In	the sho	rt term, Cou	ncil sho	uld addres	s public		
		tra	ansport o	deficiencies	by esta	ablishing r	nini taxi		
		ra	nks (dro	p off and pi	ick up fa	cilities) at	the two		
		se	condary	nodes	and ir	ntegrating	public		
		tra	ansport	services.	To achi	eve this	Council		
		sh	ould und	dertake the f	following	g in the sh	ort term:		
		i.	The D	Developmer	nt of a	a compre	hensive	In-house	Town Planning
			Public	Transportat	tion Plar	ו;			Department
		ii.	Desigr	nation of B	us Stop	s through	out the	In-house	Town Planning
			public	transport	route	with p	articular		Department
			empha	asis on the t	two (2) p	proposed r	nini-taxi		



Spatial Priority	Programme	Short	Term	Development	Implementation	Cost (E)	Responsibility
	Area	Program	nme(S)				
			(drop-o	off and pick-up) ra	nks at the southern		
			and northern secondary nodes.				
		rię th cu pr tra ei	ghts of w le urban a urrently o rogramm ansferreo nsure lo	vay servitudes tha area, in order to ide on private proper ne to have d to the Local Au ng-term security,	project to determine t are located within entify roads that are ty and establish a these servitudes uthority in order to accessibility, and	E350 000.00	Works and Maintenance Department
		4. C po tra	ouncil s edestriar ansport o e on the Desigr necess	ns and cyclists to s options. The short following: ning of pedestrian	infrastructure for support sustainable -term focus should walkways and the as earmarked by	E500 000.00 p/a	Works and Maintenance Department



Spatial Priority	Programme	Short Term Development Implementation Cost (E)	Responsibility
	Area	Programme(S)	
		ii. Incrementally upgrade lighting, signage, E500 000.00	Works and
		and crossing points to enhance pedestrian p/a	Maintenance
		safety, particularly along the MR103 and in	Department
		residential areas.	
	Feenemie	1 Control Rusiness District	
Consolidating and	Economic	1. <u>Central Business District</u>	
Strengthening	Development	The Town Council should focus on intensifying	
Economic Activity		development in the proposed CBD through	
Areas/Nodes		enhancing connectivity in the CDB area by	
		developing the proposed Nshakabili Road	
		extension. The following strategies should be	
		endorsed to support the establishment of the	
		Central Business District (CBD) in the short term:	
		i. Council should develop a Precinct Plan E1 000 000.00	Town Planning
		for the Ezulwini CBD;	Department
		ii. The boundaries delineated by the	Town Planning
		Structure Plan as the CBD and	Department



Spatial Priority	Programme	Short Term Development Implementation Cost (E)	Responsibility
	Area	Programme(S)	
		Secondary Nodes, should be respected	
		and the Development Code enforced.	
		2. Development of Activity Spine	
		Council should support the development of	
		Activity Spines along Nyonyane Road and	
		Mpumalanga Road to accommodate	
		commercial activity, promoting micro-	
		enterprises and small-scale businesses. The	
		following proposals outline key steps to support	
		this development:	
		i. Undertaking a detailed assessment of In-house	Works and
		road widening possibilities;	Maintenance
			Department
		ii. Identifying and designating drop-off In-house	Town Planning
		points along Mpumalanga Road and	Department
		Nyonyane Road;	



Spatial Priority	Programme	Short Te	rm Development	Implementation	Cost (E)	Responsibility
	Area	Programme(S)				
		iii.	Developing the nec	essary pedestrian	E1 000 000.00	Works and
			walkways and cycling	facilities;	p/a	Maintenance
						Department
		iv.	Support application	ns for suitable		
			commercial busines	ses along these		Town Planning
			areas.			Department
		3. <u>Indus</u>	strial Activity			
		The	Town Council sho	uld manage the		
		alloca	tion of land for industria	al purposes to align		
		with t	he Town's economic	focus. The type of		
		indus	trial activity envisioned	in Ezulwini should		
		be res	stricted primarily to low	impact and service		
		indus	industries that align with the Town's character,			
		through the use of development control				
		regula	ation in the Developm	nent Code (2025).		
		The 1	ollowing proposals ou	Itline key steps to		
		suppo	ort this development:			
		i.	Council should	promote the		Town Planning
			establishment of the	industrial activity		Department



Spatial Priority	Programme	Short T	erm Development	Implementation	Cost (E)	Responsibility
	Area	Programm	ne(S)			
		 area along the D36 road as a light, service-oriented industrial area. The focus in the short term should be on the marketing and branding of this area. ii. Implementing infrastructure upgrades in order to encourage both current and future industrial activities. iii. Council should install signage indicating 			Works and Maintenance Department Town Planning Department	
		1. Thro Trac prop	the industrial activity visibly delineate an Industrial area. Business Sector Dugh the Development (de Policy Council sho perty owners subdivide p rmal trading.	d announce the Code and Informal ould enforce that		Town Planning Department



Spatial Priority	Programme	Short	Term	Development	Implementation	Cost (E)	Responsibility
	Area	Program	me(S)				
		inc mi	orporat ni taxi	ed in the desigr	locations should be ns of the proposed ocated in the two	E350 000.00	Works and Maintenance
		inf the se	ormal b em abo rvice, a ndors in	ousiness owners i ut business man and product de	raining programs for n Ezulwini to inform agement, customer velopment to help ngs and transition to nodels.	E50 000.00	Town Planning Department
Promoting Existing and New Tourism Activities	Tourism Activity	de Pla gro acl	dicated an, in c owth in nieved t . Imp hos	tourism precinct, order to streamli the tourism se through: olementing relax spitality and tour	ould promote the as per the Structure ine and encourage ector. This can be ed regulations for ism establishments d precinct, including		Town Planning Department



Spatial Priority	Programme	Short Term Development Implementation Cost (E)	Responsibility
	Area	Programme(S)	
		simplified permitting processes and	
		flexible land-use policies to foster	
		investment in hotels, lodges,	
		restaurants, and entertainment venues.	
		ii. Ensuring that proper signage is E100 000.00	Town Planning
		introduced especially along routes which p/a	Department
		lead to tourism sites within the Town,	
		these may include:	
		i. MR103	
		ii. D36	
		iii. Buhleni Road	
		iv. Nyonyane Road	
		v. Tivakashi Street	
		vi. Ligugu Street	
		vii. Nshakabili Road	
		viii. Mpumalanga Road	
		2. Council should promote the development of	Town Planning
		eco-friendly tourism offerings and	Department
		accommodations within the urban area with	



Spatial Priority	Programme	Short	Term	Development	Implementation	Cost (E)	Responsibility
	Area	Program	me(S)				
			prefer Precir	rence to the ea nct.	rmarked Tourism		
		3.	an au every policie tourisi	cil should introduce dit of all tourism fac two years, to ensu es and regulation m businesses with can be achieved thro Establishing an T the Ezulwini urbar	cilities is conducted re compliance with ns for operating in the urban area. ough: Fourism Policy for	In-house	Town Planning Department
			ii.		regulate their	In-house	Town Planning Department
			iii.	0	ind introducing ty standards for the	In-house	Public Health Department



Spatial Priority	Programme	Short Term Development Implementation Cost (E)	Responsibility
	Area	Programme(S)	
		hospitality sector to ensure	
		compliance with local regulations	
		and safeguard tourists' welfare.	
Agricultural	Agricultural	1. In the short term, Council should support urban	Town Planning
Use	Activity	farming initiatives that promote sustainable	Department
Enhancement		agricultural practices by incorporating urban	
and		farming initiatives into development and	
Maintenance		building controls and regulations of the urban	
		area, e.g., rooftop gardens and vertical farming.	
		2. Additionally, Council should make provision for	Town Planning
		small-scale livestock farming, such as the	Department
		rearing of rabbits, fish and poultry. This	
		approach will help enhance local food	
		production while fostering sustainable	
		agricultural practices within the urban	
		environment.	



Spatial Priority	Programme	Short Term Development Implementation Cost (E)	Responsibility
	Area	Programme(S)	
Short-Term Housing Delivery: Focused on Infill Development,	Residential	 The Ezulwini Town Council should preserve Mantenga Phases 1, 2, and 3 as low-density residential neighbourhoods. Similarly, the medium density residential areas in Ezulwini (including Eco Estate, Spintex Village, Mountain View, Mahlanganisa Township, Medi 	
Densification and Residential Upgrading		 Farm, Mdzimba Township, Goje Township, Thembelisha Township, and Sunset Village) should be retained as such. The focus in both the low and medium density areas should be on infill development and densification. This can be achieved through the following measures: Maintaining the existing land use patterns/character and limiting plot subdivisions to ensure continued uniformity through the use of development controls. 	Town Planning Department



Spatial Priority	Programme	Short Term Development Implementation Cost (E)	Responsibility
	Area	Programme(S)	
		ii. Ensuring that all of the aforementioned	Works and
		areas are fully serviced with the	Maintenance
		necessary bulk infrastructure in order to	Department
		accommodate increased densities in the	
		future.	
		2. Council should support High-Density Residential development within the earmarked	Town Planning Department
		locations, as per the Structure Plan. This can	
		be achieved through introducing zoning	
		regulations to facilitate the development of	
		higher population densities in the targeted	
		areas, allowing for more efficient use of land	
		while preventing urban sprawl.	
		2 Council should begin working towards the	
		3. Council should begin working towards the	
		upgrading of the informal settlement on Farm	
		7/706 in-situ in order to ensure sustainable	
		development and service provision within this	
		area of the Town. The formalisation and	



Spatial Priority	Programme	Short	Term	Development	Implementation	Cost (E)	Responsibility
	Area	Programm	ne(S)				
			grading e short t		ollowing activities in		
		i.		olishment of a Fo e Ezulwini urban	ormalisation Policy area;	In-house	Town Planning Department
		ii.	other		operty owners and holders to discuss tion;	In-house	Town Planning Department
		iii.		ertaking a base	eline survey and the area;	In-house	Town Planning Department
Improve and Provide Public Facilities	Public Facilities	inve faci usa dev	entory lities wi bility a	to identify and thin the urban are and accessibility ad enhance these	a comprehensive assess all public ea, focusing on their c. The goal is to e spaces for greater	E350 000.00	Town Planning Department



Spatial Priority	Programme	Short	Term	Development	Implementation	Cost (E)	Responsibility
	Area	Progr	amme(S)				
		2.	Council s	hould prioritise the	e construction and	E1 000 000.00	Works and
			rehabilitat	ion of public toilets	, particularly in high		Maintenance
			demand	areas such as the	proposed mini taxi		Department
			ranks.				
		3.			ntial Public Private tunities that will	In house	Town Planning Department
			enhance	the quality and p	provision of public		
			facilities v	within the Town.	Examples of such		
			opportunit	ties may include	renovations and		
			refurbishn	nent of existing pu	blic facilities.		
		4.	cemetery if securing should se cemetery to meet	within the urban an g such a plot is no ecure land for est in close proximity t the community n	ens for developing a rea as a first option, at possible, Council cablishing a formal to the Town in order needs for a burial te site has been	In-house	Town Planning Department



Spatial Priority	Programme	Short	Term	Development	Implementation	Cost (E)	Responsibility
	Area	Progra	amme(S)				
		:	secured,	Council should p	prepare a cemetery		
			layout.				
		5.	Council sh	nould develop an <i>i</i>	Animal Holding Area	E 500 000.00	Public Health
			to ensure	e that public l	health and safety		Department
			regulation	s are adhered	to, and that stray		
			animals d	o not pose a dar	nger to motorists or		
			residents.	In the short-te	rm Council should		
			focus on	securing land ou	utside of the urban		
			area, that	t will be suitable	e for the proposed		
			facility. O	once the land it	t secured, Council		
			should pr	epare designs fo	or the holding area.		
			Following	the preparation	and approval of		
			designs,	Council should	proceed with the		
			constructio	on of the facility.			
		6.	Council sl	hould secure a s	suitable site for the	To be	Town Planning
			developm	ent of a Commun	ity Centre which will	confirmed	Department
			include	a community	hall, library, and		
			informatio	n kiosk.			



Spatial Priority	Programme	Short	Term	Development	Implementation	Cost (E)	Responsibility
	Area	Program	nme(S)				
		rr Ic C	nulti-funct ocated on Once the	ional sports and Plot 24/50 along N	d for the proposed recreational facility Mpumalanga Road. secured, Council the facility.		Town Planning Department
Bulk Services Infrastructure	Infrastructure	Ir P B S m a	nfrastructu lan that c ulk Infras lan and trategy. T ninimum nnual re	ure Development combines two cruc structure Upgrade (2) Infrastruct The Plan will be in five-year period	a Comprehensive and Maintenance ial components: (1) e and Maintenance cure Development mplemented with a and will undergo are its continued		Works and Maintenance Department



Spatial Priority	Programme	Short Term Development Implementation Cost ((E) Responsibility
	Area	Programme(S)	
		2. Council should initiate a study to identify a long- E350 (000.00 Public Health
		term solution to its waste management	Department
		challenges. Focus should be on determining a	
		conclusive solution by conducting a Waste	
		Management Needs Assessment, which will	
		recommend a sustainable long-term approach	
		to waste management.	
Main entry roads	Town	1. The Town Council should enhance the two	
	Entrances and	main gateways (entrances) at the northern and	
	Gateways	southern boundaries along the MR103 into	
		Ezulwini. This can be achieved through:	
			000.00 Town Planning
		that reflect the natural beauty and p/a	Department
		cultural heritage of Ezulwini, creating a	
		distinctive welcome.	
		5	0 000.00 Town Planning
		that symbolize key aspects of the Town,	Department
		such as tourism, business, or	



Spatial Priority	Programme Area	ShortTermDevelopmentImplementationCost (E)Programme(S)	Responsibility
		conservation, to create a memorable first impression. iii. Upgrading lighting and road E150 000.00 infrastructure to ensure safe and easy access for all travellers.	Works and Maintenance Department
Policies and Legal Frameworks for Development Funding	Funding Guidelines	 The Ezulwini Town Council faces challenges in financing critical infrastructure projects due to budget constraints and increasing demand for services. PPPs can leverage private sector expertise, innovation, and capital to efficiently deliver public infrastructure while minimising financial risk to the Town Council. In order to successfully implement many of the projects outlined in the Structure Plan, it is proposed that the Ezulwini Town Council implements the following measures: 	



Spatial Priority	Programme	Short	Term	Development	Implementation	Cost (E)	Responsibility
	Area	Program	nme(S)				
			guidelin to PPP regulati	nes that outline a s, ensuring alignion ons and local dev		E250 000.00	Administration Department
		ii.	framew respons parties should governa	ork that defin sibilities, and ex involved in PPP include templat	agreements. This for contracts,		Administration Department
		ev pe ac re	valuation erformanc dherence	systems to ce, stakeholder to timelines and will ensure tr	ust monitoring and assess project satisfaction, and budgets. Regular ransparency and	In-house	Administration Department



Spatial Priority	Programme	Short Term Development Implementation Cost (E)	Responsibility
	Area	Programme(S)	
		3. Council should invest in training programs for E100 000.00	Corporate
		municipal staff to build expertise in managing	Services
		PPP projects. This includes understanding	Department
		financing models, project management, and	
		negotiation skills.	



3.2 MEDUIM TERM (YEARS 4 - 6): DEVELOPMENT SCENERIO/ IMPLEMENTATION PROGRAMME

To build towards achieving the spatial vision delineated by the Structure Plan, the focus over the subsequent three years should be to further consolidate and strengthen the existing land uses/ activities which characterise and comprise the Ezulwini urban fabric, and to extend the product offering of the town through (i) continued human settlement restructuring and services provision (roads and bulk services): and (ii) improving the quality and quantity of social and community infrastructure at strategic locations. Essentially, in the medium-term, the Structure Plan strives to affect urban efficiency and facilitate improved access to social, community, transport and economic opportunities for all inhabitants in a cost-effective manner by the clustering of complimentary land uses.

To achieve the desired urban efficiency and improved access to urban opportunities the development of the town should be actively guided, managed and informed by the land use proposals/ areas delineated by the Structure Plan.

Over the Medium-term development period, the Town Council should focus on the following Spatial Priorities and associated Development Implementation Programmes:

- 1. Further enhancing and utilising the natural elements of the Town;
- 2. Further incorporation of greening initiatives;
- 3. Enhancing the functionality of the primary routes;
- 4. Implementation of the proposed road network to unlock the development potential of Ezulwini; and
- 5. Continued investment in transportation infrastructure provision;
- 6. Strengthening the establishment of the proposed primary node and secondary nodes by supporting the functional definitions of these areas through the development of sufficient public transport facilities and integrated informal market areas, with a focus on the allocation of appropriate infrastructure to stimulate investment.
- 7. Continued support for tourism activities;



- 8. Consolidating the existing urban structure through continued human settlement (housing) restructuring. Focus should be on formalisation, infill development and densification;
- 9. Continued development of public recreation facilities and other social amenities;
- 10. Improving the quality and quantity of social and community infrastructure;
- 11. Retaining and consolidating the existing institutional component of the Town;
- 12. Continued enforcement and enhancement of clear use zones to promote legibility and amenity; and
- 13. Expansion and upgrading of the bulk services network to cater for new housing areas, social and community facilities, and additional economic developments.



Spatial Priority	Programme	Medium Term Development Implementation Cost (E)	Responsibility
	Area	Programme(S)	
Regional Open Space System (ROSS)	Environment	 In the medium term, the Town Council needs to further develop the open space system identified and defined in the short term. This will be achieved through the following measures: Continue designing and construction of dedicated pedestrian paths, that are safe, p/a 	Works and Maintenance
		accessible, and aesthetically pleasing; ii. Incorporating features such as signage, seating, and lighting; p/a	Department Works and Maintenance Department
		 iii. Expanding and connecting pedestrian networks to surrounding green spaces and urban areas, to promote recreational use and community interaction. 2. Council should continue to manage and maintain all public green spaces within the p/a 	Works and Maintenance Department Town Planning Department



Spatial Priority	Programme	Medium Term Development Implementation Cost (E)	Responsibility
	Area	Programme(S)	
		urban area as identified in the Open Spaces Inventory.	
		 Council should engage local residents through meetings or other appropriate platforms, in the planning and maintenance of green spaces to foster a sense of ownership and stewardship. 	Town Planning Department
		 Council should ensure that it conducts surveys and community feedback sessions to assess resident satisfaction and monitor the use of green spaces. 	Town Planning Department
Promoting Socio- Economic Development through Focused	Transportation and Movement Network	 The Town Council should continue to prioritise To be the upgrade and maintenance of the MR103 and its feeder roads. 	Works and Maintenance Department
Development of the Movement Network		 Council should continue implementing its Road In-house Rehabilitation and Upgrading Plan for the various roads identified. 	Works and Maintenance Department



Spatial Priority	Programme	Medium Term Development Implementation Cost (E)	Responsibility
	Area	Programme(S)	
(Infrastructure			
Delivery)			
		3. Council should continue implementing its traffic In-house	Works and
		management strategies, as outlined in the	Maintenance
		ECMP (2023), to improve traffic flow and to	Department
		mitigate congestion during peak hours.	
		4. The construction of the proposed Nshakabili E18 500	Works and
		extension should be completed by the medium 000.00	Maintenance
		term. The Nshakabili and Mpumalanga Link	Department
		Road should also be built simultaneously with	
		the extension road.	
		5. Council should continue to address public	
		transport deficiencies and integrating public	
		transport services. This will include the following:	
		i. Designing and constructing a mini taxi E750 000.00	Town Planning
		rank in the CBD, which will be integrated	Department
		into the existing informal trade market;	



Spatial Priority	Programme	Medium Term Development Implementation Cost (E)	Responsibility
	Area	Programme(S)	
		ii. Developing all other drop-off and pick-up E350 000.00	Town Planning
		points as identified in the Public Transport p/a	Department
		Plan.	
		6. Council should continue develop infrastructure for E500 000.00	Works and
		pedestrians and cyclists in accordance with the p/a	Maintenance
		ECMP (2023) and Structure Plan (2024).	Department
		7. Council should begin construction an upgrading To be	Works and
		the MR103 into a two-lane configuration in each confirmed	Maintenance
		direction.	Department
		8. Council should upgrade Twiggs Garden Street E9 000	Works and
		and Buhleni Road to paved surfaces. 000.00	Maintenance
			Department
		9. Council should provide sidewalks of at least 1.5m E1 000	Works and
		on each side or 2m on one side, along with 000.00 p/a	Maintenance
		streetlights. The priority in the medium term	Department
		should be in the following locations:	
		i. MR103	



Spatial Priority	Programme	Medium Term Development Implementation Cost (E)	Responsibility
	Area	Programme(S)	
		ii. D36 iii. Mpumalanga Road iv. Buhleni Road v. Tivakashi Street vi. Nshakabili Road	
Consolidating and Strengthening Economic Activity Areas/Nodes	Economic Development	 The Town Council should continue supporting the implementation of the CBD Precinct Plan by providing resources, coordinating with key stakeholders, and ensuring compliance with development guidelines set forth in the Plan. 	Town Planning Department
		2. Council should continue to support the development of the Ezulwini Activity Spines along Nyonyane Road and Mpumalanga Road. The medium-term focus should be on the following:	Town Planning Department



Spatial Priority	Programme	Medium Term Development Implementation Cost (E)	Responsibility
	Area	Programme(S)	
		i. Council should continue to allocate In-house	Works and
		funding for the construction of	Maintenance
		infrastructure along the Activity Spine;	Department
		ii. Council should install signage at E150 000.00 intersections to visibly delineate the Activity Spines, for branding and marketing purpose.	Town Planning Department
		Industrial Activity 1. Council should continue to incorporate bulk service infrastructure in the designated industrial activity area in support of the future industrial activities for Ezulwini	Works and Maintenance Department
		Informal Business SectorE50 000.001. Council should continue to enforce bye-lawsE50 000.00related to informal trade and vending.E50 000.00	Town Planning Department



Spatial Priority	Programme	Medium Term Development Implementation Cost (E)	Responsibility
	Area	Programme(S)	
		2. Council should provide training and capacity E500 000.00	Town Planning
		building for informal traders to help them	Department
		transition into formal market vendors.	
		3. Council should provide additional parking for E250 000.00	Town Planning
		tourists near informal trade areas, to support p/a	Department
		Local Economic Development initiatives such as	
		Flea Markets.	
		4. Council should ensure that continuous E500 00.00	Works and
			Maintenance
		improvements, such as access to water, p/a electricity, and sanitation facilities, as well as the	Department
		upgrading and maintenance of existing trading	Department
		facilities (market stalls), are executed in the	
		medium term.	
		5. Council should undertake the construction of the	Town Planning
		designated informal trading zones as described	Department
		in the Structure Plan. The construction of these	
		zones will have to align with and incorporate the	



Spatial Priority	Programme	Medium Term Development Implementation Cost (E)	Responsibility
	Area	Programme(S)	
		following Plans, Policies, bye-laws and Strategies: i. Informal Trade Policy; ii. Public Transport Plan; iii. Environmental Management Plan; iv. Urban Greening Strategy; v. Urban Design Framework; v. Urban Design Framework; vi. Comprehensive Infrastructure Development and Maintenance Strategy; vii. PPP's Strategy.	
Promoting Existing and New Tourism Activities	Tourism Activity	 1. Council should continue to encourage development within the Tourism Precinct. The development of the precinct can be supported through the following measures: i. Council should continue to prioritise infrastructure upgrades within the 	Works and Maintenance Department



Spatial Priority	Programme	Medium Term Development Implementation Cost (E)	Responsibility
	Area	Programme(S)	
		precinct, including improvements to roads and bulk services.	
		ii. Council should continue to install E250 000.00 branding and signage along the MR103 and other key routes.	Town Planning Department
		 iii. Council should continue to support applications for a diverse range of tourism business in order to diversify tourism offerings in the Town. 	Town Planning Department
		 Council should continue to enforce the policy framework established to regulate online hospitality businesses. 	Town Planning Department
		 Council should continuously update its database In-house on hospitality businesses in Ezulwini by conducting regular audits of tourism facilities within the urban area. 	Town Planning Department



Spatial Priority	Programme	Medium Term Development Implementation	Cost (E)	Responsibility
	Area	Programme(S)		
Agricultural Use Enhancement and Maintenance	Agricultural Activity	 In the medium term, the Council should continue to support urban farming initiatives practicing sustainable agriculture within the Town. 	In-house	Town Planning Department
Medium-Term Housing Delivery: Focused on Infill Development, Densification and	Residential	 In the medium term, Council should continue to protect the character of low and medium density townships. This will be achieved through the following measures: Infill development should remain a priority until there is a clear demand for additional low and medium residential townships; 		Town Planning Department
Residential Upgrading		 Plot subdivisions within low density areas should be limited and minimum erf sizes maintained, as per the Development Code (2025); 		Town Planning Department



Spatial Priority	Programme	Medium Term Development Implementation Cost (E)	Responsibility
	Area	Programme(S)	
		iii. Council should continue to upgrade E500 000.00	Works and
		infrastructure; including roads and utility p/a	Maintenance
		services to facilitate development.	Department
		2. Council should ensure that the establishment of	Town Planning
		additional high-density residential areas in	Department
		Ezulwini is supported and regulated in	
		accordance with the Development Code (2025).	
		3. Council should continue to prioritise the	Works and
		provision of infrastructure development and	Maintenance
		upgrades in the high-density residential areas.	Department
		4. Once all necessary agreements have been	
		made for securing the land and approval has	
		been granted for the formalisation project to	
		commence, Council should focus on the	
		following:	
		i. Developing a township layout to E750 000.00	Works and
		enable efficient, organised	Maintenance



Spatial Priority	Programme	Medium Term	Development Implementation	Cost (E)	Responsibility
	Area	Programme(S)			
			planning, enhance road		Department
			networks, and improve		
			accessibility to services;		
		i.	Preparation of all necessary	E2 000 000.	Works and
			preliminary Engineering	00	Maintenance
			Infrastructure Drawings;		Department
		ii.	Submit an application to the	E250 000.00	Town Planning
			Human Settlements Authority		Department
			(HSA) for township establishment		
			approval.		
Retain and	Government	1. In the mediu	im term, Council should continue to		Works and
Consolidate	and Public	rollout the			Maintenance
Existing	Facilities	infrastructure	e, including transport link roads and		Department
Government		utility service	es, in order to support government		
and		and public fa	acility operations.		
Institutional					
Activities					



Spatial Priority	Programme	Medium Term Development Implementation C	Cost (E)	Responsibility
	Area	Programme(S)		
		2. Council should focus on implementing the		
		multiple social welfare facility projects identified		
		in the Structure Plan (2024). This will include the		
		following:		
		i. Once Council has acquired property and T	To be	Town Planning
		prepared a cemetery layout in the short c	confirmed	Department
		term, the development of the cemetery,		
		adoption of a cemetery management		
		system, pegging of graves, and		
		commencement of operations should be		
		undertaken in the medium term.		
		ii. Once Council has acquired a site for E	E1 500 000.	Works and
		developing a Community Centre, the 0	00	Maintenance
		designs for the facility should be prepared		
		in the medium term.		
		iii. Once the designs have been approved, T	To be	
		Council should proceed with the c	confirmed	
		construction of the facility.		



Spatial Priority	Programme	Medium Term Development Implementation Cost (E)	Responsibility
	Area	Programme(S)	
		 iv. To develop the proposed multi-functional PPP sports and recreational facility, Council should seek strategic partners through Public-Private Partnerships (PPPs) to support the development of the facility. 	Town Planning Department
Bulk Services Infrastructure	Infrastructure	 Council should continuously undertake In-house assessments of its bulk infrastructure network of the Town and implement the necessary upgrades to support growth and development. 	Works and Maintenance Department
		 Council should ensure that infrastructure, In-house including water supply and sewage systems, is enhanced to meet the demands of a growing population in Ezulwini. 	Works and Maintenance Department
		3. In the medium term, Council should consider implementing the waste management	Works and Maintenance



Spatial Priority	Programme	Medium Term Development Implementation Cost (E)	Responsibility
	Area	Programme(S)	
		recommendations outlined in the Waste Management Needs Assessment.	Department
		4. Council's infrastructure implementation should be guided by the Comprehensive Infrastructure Development and Maintenance Plan. Therefore, in the medium term, Council should align and adjust its infrastructure strategies according to the proposals and projects outlined in the Plan.	Works and Maintenance Department
Main entry roads	Town Entrances and Gateways	 In the medium term, the Town Council should E150 000.00 continue to maintain the two main gateways into p/a Ezulwini. 	Works and Maintenance Department
Projects	Capital Investment	 Once the policy and legal framework for PPPs in In-house Ezulwini are in place, Council should identify and launch pilot projects to demonstrate the viability of PPPs. 	Administration Department



3.3 LONG TERM (YEARS 7 - 10): DEVELOPMENT SCENERIO/ IMPLEMENTATION PROGRAMME

To further build towards achieving the spatial vision defined by the Structure Plan, the focus from years seven to ten should be to consolidate the urban structure, not only accommodating the potential residential and economic growth of the Town itself, but also that of neighbouring regions efficiently and sustainably. This will require the upgrading and expansion of both bulk services and strategic transportation networks of the Town to enable it to offer and accommodate a greater range and quantity of residential, economic, social and community activity areas and facilities.

In the Long-Term Development Period, the Town Council should therefore focus on the following Spatial Priorities and associated Development Implementation Programmes:

- 1. Further enhancing and utilising the natural elements of the Town;
- 2. Further incorporation of greening initiatives;
- 3. Enhancing the functionality of the primary routes;
- 4. Continued investment in transportation infrastructure provision;
- 5. Implementation of the proposed road network to unlock the development potential of Ezulwini;
- 6. Strengthening the establishment of the proposed primary node and secondary nodes by supporting the functional definitions of these areas through the development of sufficient public transport facilities and integrated informal market areas, with a focus on the allocation of appropriate infrastructure to stimulate investment;
- 7. Continued support for tourism activities;
- 8. Consolidating the existing urban structure through continued human settlement (housing) restructuring. Focus should be on formalisation, infill development and densification;
- 9. Continued development of public recreation facilities and other social amenities;
- 10. Improving the quality and quantity of social and community infrastructure;
- 11. Retaining and consolidating the existing institutional component of the Town;



- 12. Continued enforcement and enhancement of clear use zones to promote legibility and amenity; and
- 13. Expansion and upgrading of the bulk services network to cater for new housing areas, social and community facilities, and additional economic developments.

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Spatial Priority	Programme	Long Term Development Implementation Cost (E)	Responsibility
	Area	Programme(S)	
Regional Open Space System (ROSS)	Environment	 In the long term, Council should continue to regularly assess the natural characteristics of areas near water bodies within the ROSS and implement measures to preserve and improve their distinctive qualities. The Council should ensure regular reviews and updates of the Greening Strategy. In the long term, the Council must integrate its greening efforts with other urban developments, 	Town Planning Department Town Planning Department Town Planning Department
		 greening enorts with other droan developments, such as, economic development initiatives, spatial development plans, and building applications. 4. Once the pedestrian infrastructure is developed, Council should prioritise its expansion and ongoing maintenance 	Works and Maintenance Department

TABLE 3: LONG-TERM DEVELOPMENT PRIORITIES AND IMPLEMENTATION PROGRAMMES



Spatial Priority	Programme	ong Term Developme	nt Implementation	Cost (E)	Responsibility
	Area	Programme(S)			
		throughout the Regional (ROSS). 4. Council should continue spaces as demand maintaining all existing gr urban area, as outlined Management Plan (EMP)	to develop new green arises, while also een spaces within the in the Environmental	In-house	Town Planning Department
Promoting Socio- Economic Development through Focused Development of the Movement Network (Infrastructure Delivery)	Transportation and Movement Network	 In the long term, Counc construction of projects a MR103 and other primary include expanding the roa walkways, installing implementing safety mea Council should upgrade to boarder of the urban area to: Structure Plan Map). 	aimed at upgrading the routes. These projects ads and bridges, adding street lighting, and sures. he road on the eastern	In-house E6 500 000. 00	Works and Maintenance Department Works and Maintenance Department



Spatial Priority	Programme	Long Term Development Implementation Cost (E)	Responsibility
	Area	Programme(S)	
		 Council should continue to allocate funds for the In-house completion and maintenance of road and stormwater infrastructure. 	Works and Maintenance Department
		4. Council's long-term focus on improving non- motorised infrastructure should involve a comprehensive review of community needs, pedestrian movement patterns, and any significant shifts resulting from recent developments.	Works and Maintenance Department
		5. Council should prioritise the implementation of the Comprehensive Infrastructure Development and Maintenance Plan to ensure effective maintenance and improvement of existing infrastructure.	Works and Maintenance Department



Spatial Priority	Programme	Long Term Development Implementation	Cost (E)	Responsibility
	Area	Programme(S)		
		 Council should continue to regularly assess and I adapt transportation policies to meet evolving needs. 	In-house	Town Planning Department
			In-house	Town Planning Department
		8. Council should continue to evaluate its system for monitoring traffic patterns and public transport usage, and make updates where necessary.	In-house	Works and Maintenance Department
Consolidating and Strengthening Economic Activity Areas/Nodes	Economic Development	Economic Activity Framework 1. Council should continue to implement the urban I design measures proposed in the Precinct Plan to reinforce and support the growth of the CBD.	In-house	Town Planning Department



Spatial Priority	Programme	Long	Term	Developmer	it Implei	nentation	Cost (E)	Responsibility
	Area	Program	nme(S)					
		Industr	al Activit	Y				
		1. T	he Town (Council should	continue to e	ensure that		Works and
		ir	ndustrial a	activities appro	vals within	the Town		Maintenance
		а	lign with tl	ne its economic	character.			Department
				_				
			l Busines					
		1. T	o strengt	hen the inform	al business	sector in		
		E	zulwini, th	ie Council shou	ld:			
		i	i. Conti	nue to active	ly enforce	bye-laws	In-house	Town Planning
			pertai	ning to informa	l trade and v	ending;		Department
		i	i. Coun	cil should c	ontinue to	maintain	E100 000.00	Works and
			inforn	nal trade faciliti	es and infras	structure.	p/a	Maintenance
								Department
	_ .							
Promoting	Tourism			/ini Town Cou				
Existing and New	Activity	S	upporting	the establishe	d tourism p	recinct. In		
Tourism Activities								



Spatial Priority	Programme	Long Term Development Implementation Cost (E)	Responsibility
	Area	Programme(S)	
		the long term this will include the following measures:	
		i. Maintenance of infrastructure services E500 000.00	Works and
		within the urban area and implement p/a	Maintenance
		necessary upgrades.	Department
		ii. Council should continue to undertake In-house regular tourism audits which will allow for the identification of improvement areas.	Town Planning Department
Medium-Term Housing Delivery:	Residential	 In the long term, The Ezulwini Town Council should continue to protect the character of low- density and medium density areas. 	Town Planning Department
Focused on Infill Development, Densification and Residential		 Council should continue to encourage the establishment of mixed-use developments where commercial services are located near high- density housing. 	Town Planning Department



Spatial Priority	Programme	Long T	erm Developmen	t Implementation	Cost (E)	Responsibility
	Area	Programm	e(S)			
Upgrading		3. Cour	icil should continue	e enforcing zoning	In-house	Town Planning
		regul	ations designed to faci	litate the development		Department
		of hi	gher population dens	sities in the targeted		
		areas	S.			
		4 To a	emplete the fermelia	ation of the informal		
			•	ation of the informal		
		activi		focus on the following		
		i.		ormal settlement and	To be	Town Planning
			production of a Ger		confirmed	Department
			F			
		ii.	Securing land tenu	re in the form of title	To be	Town Planning
			deeds;		confirmed	Department
		iii.	Council should ens	ure that the informal	To be	Town Planning
			-	serviced with the	confirmed	Department
			necessary bulk serv	vices infrastructure.		



Spatial Priority	Programme	Long Term Development Implementation Cost (E)	Responsibility
	Area	Programme(S)	
Retain and	Government	1. In the long term, Council's focus should remain E250 000.00	Social Services
Consolidate	and Public	on improving the quality, and accessibility of p/a	Department
Existing	Facilities	public facilities within Ezulwini.	
Government			
and		2. Council should assess the effectiveness of In-house	Social Services
Institutional		existing community facilities in meeting the	Department
Activities		needs of the community and identify appropriate	
		solutions to address any gaps that may be found.	
Bulk Services Infrastructure	Infrastructure	 Council should regularly assess its bulk In-house infrastructure network and implement necessary upgrades to support growth and development. 	Works and Maintenance Department
Projects	Capital Investment	 Council should evaluate the success and In-house performance of its public-private partnerships (PPPs) and make the necessary adjustments. 	Town Planning Department

4. CONCLUSION

The implementation of the development programs proposed in the Structure Plan will require the preparation of the following policies, plans, and strategies. Formulating these documents will guide the execution of the proposed development by establishing clear frameworks for each sector. The following over-arching sectorial plans and policies will be developed in support of, and in alignment with, the short, medium, and long-term proposals made by the Development Plan:

- 1. Environmental Management Plan (EMP);
- 2. Road Rehabilitation and Upgrading Plan;
- 3. Public Transportation Plan;
- 4. CBD Precinct Plan;
- Comprehensive Infrastructure Development and Maintenance Plan (including Bulk Infrastructure Upgrade and Maintenance Plan + Infrastructure Development Strategy);
- 6. Urban Greening Strategy;
- 7. Urban Design Framework;
- 8. PPP's Strategy;
- 9. Tourism Policy;
- 10. Tourism Plan;
- 11. Online Hospitality Businesses Regulations.